IN THE CLAIMS:

- 1. (Currently Amended) An optical data medium comprising a substrate that is optionally already coated with one or more reflective layers and on the surface of which have been applied
- an information layer that can be recorded on using light, wherein the information layer contains (i) a light-absorbing compound comprising at least one phthalocyanine and (ii) optionally a binder,
- (2) optionally one or more reflective layers, and
- (3) optionally a protective layer or a further substrate or a covering layer, wherein the optical data medium can be recorded on and read using blue light having a wave length in the range of about 360 nm to about 460 nm, wherein the phthalocyanine dve corresponds to the formula (1)

$$MPc[R^{3}]_{W}[R^{4}]_{x}[R^{6}]_{y}[R^{6}]_{z} \qquad (I),$$

in which

Pc represents a phthalocyanine.

<u>M</u> represents two independent H atoms, a divalent metal atom, a trivalent axially monosubstituted metal atom of the formula (la)

X ₁	(la)
Мe	

a tetravalent axially disubstituted metal atom of the formula (lb)

a trivalent axially monosubstituted and axially monocoordinated metal atom of the formula (Ic)

with the proviso that when X_1 or X_2 is a charged ligand, the charge is compensated by an oppositely charged ion.

in which

- x¹ and X², independently of one another, represent halogen, hydroxyl, oxygen, cyano, thiocyanato, cyanato, alkenyl, alkvnyl, arvithio, dialkylamino, alkyl, alkoxy, acyloxy, alkylthio, arvl, aryloxy, O-PR¹0R¹¹, -O-P(O)R¹²R¹³, -O-SiR¹4R¹⁵R¹6, NH₂, alkylamino and the radical of a heterocyclic amine.
- R³, R⁴, R⁵ and R⁶ correspond to substituents of the phenyl ring of the phthalocyanine and independently of one another, represent halogen, cyano, nitro, alkyl, aryl, alkylamino, dialkylamino, alkoxy, alkylthio, aryloxy, arylthio, SO₂H, SO₂NR¹R², CO₂R⁹, CONR¹R², NH-COR⁷, or a radical of the formula -(B)_m-D, in which
 - B denotes a bridge member selected from the group consisting of a direct bond, CH₂, CO, CH(alkyl), C(alkyl)₂, NH, S, O, or -CH=CH-, such that (B)_m denotes a chemically reasonable sequence of bridge members B with m = 1 to 10, and
 - D represents the monovalent radical of a redox system of the formula

$$\begin{array}{cccc}
z^{1} & \leftarrow & \text{(Red)} \\
\underline{\text{Or}} & & & \\
& & & \\
\hline
& & & \\
z^{2} & \leftarrow & \text{CH-CH} & \\
\end{array}$$

- or represents a metallocenyl radical or metallocenylcarbonyl radical, wherein Z¹ and Z², independently of one another, represent NR'R", OR", or SR".
- Y1 represents NR', O, or S,
- Y² represents NR'.
- n represents 1 to 10, and
- R' and R", independently of one another, represent hydrogen, alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl or hetaryl, or form a direct bond or a bridge to

· †CH−CH+ chain,

- w. x. y and z. independently of one another, represent 0 to 4 and the sum w+x+y+z is <16.
- R¹ and R², independently of one another, represent hydrogen, alkyl, hydroxyalkyl, or anyl, or R¹ and R², together with the N atom to which they are bonded, form a heterocyclic 5-, 6-, or 7-membered ring, optionally with participation of further hetero atoms, and
- R7 to R16, independently of one another, represent alkyl, aryl, hetaryl, or hydrogen.
- 2. (Original) An optical data medium according to Claim 1 wherein the substrate is transparent.
- (Original) An optical data medium according to Claim 1 wherein the blue light is provided by a laser light.
 - 4. (Cancelled)
- 5. (Original) An optical data medium according to Claim 4 wherein M represents
- (1) two independent H atoms or a divalent metal atom selected from the group consisting of Cu, Ni, Zn, Pd, Pt, Fe, Mn, Mg, Co, Ru, Ti, Be, Ca, Ba, Cd, Hg, Pb, and Sn,
- (2) a trivalent axially monosubstituted metal atom of the formula (Ia) in which Me represents Al, Ga, Ti, In, Fe, or Mn, or
- (3) a tetravalent metal atom of the formula (lb) in which Me represents Si, Ge, Sn, Zn, Cr, Ti, Co, or V.
 - 6. (Original) An optical data medium according to Claim 4 wherein
- M represents a radical of the Formula (Ia) in which Me represents Al,
- X₁ and X₂ represent halogen, aryloxy, or alkoxy, and
- w, x, y, and z each represent 0.
 - 7. (Original) An optical data medium according to Claim 4 wherein
- M represents a radical of the Formula (lb) in which Me represents Si,
- X₁ and X₂ represent halogen, aryloxy, or alkoxy, and
- w, x, y, and z each represent 0.

- 8. (Original) A process for the production of the optical data medium according to Claim 1 comprising coating a substrate that is optionally already coated with a reflective layer with a phthalocyanine dye, optionally in combination with suitable binders and additives and optionally suitable solvents, and optionally providing the substrate with a reflective layer, further intermediate layers, and optionally a protective layer or a further substrate or a covering layer.
- 9. (Original) A process for the production of the optical data media according to Claim 8 wherein the coating with the phthalocyanine dye is effected by spin-coating, sputtering, or vapor deposition.
- 10. (Original) An optical data medium having a recordable information layer, wherein the optical data medium is obtained by recording on an optical data medium according to Claim 1 using blue light.
- 11. (Original) An optical data medium having a recordable information layer, wherein the optical data medium is obtained by recording on an optical data medium according to Claim 1 using a laser light having a wavelength of 360 to 460 nm.
- 12. (Currently Amended) An optical data medium according to Claim 4 wherein M represents a radical of <u>a</u> [[the]] formula (IS).
- 13. (Currently Amended) An optical data medium according to Claim 1 in addition to the one information layer further layers further including at least one layer selected from the group consisting of metal layers, dielectric layers, and protective layers.
 - 14. (Cancelled)